

## **VUL-CUP® R FF CRUSHED**

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

#### Company

Arkema Inc. 900 First Avenue

King of Prussia, Pennsylvania 19406

**Functional Additives** 

Customer Service Telephone Number: (800) 331-7654

(Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM EST)

**Emergency Information** 

**Transportation:** CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300

(24 hrs., 7 days a week)

Medical: Rocky Mountain Poison Center: (866) 767-5089

(24 hrs., 7 days a week)

**Product Information** 

Product name: VUL-CUP® R FF CRUSHED

Synonyms: Di-(2-tert-butylperoxyisopropyl) benzene, VUL-CUP® R FF

Molecular formula:C20 H34 O4Chemical family:Organic PeroxideMolecular weight:338 g/molProduct use:initiator/catalyst

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### **Emergency Overview**

Color: white, yellowish, brown

Physical state: solid flakes

Odor: pungent, unpleasant

## \*Classification of the substance or mixture:

Organic peroxides, Type D, H242

Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 4, H413

\*For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.



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## **GHS-Labelling**

#### Hazard pictograms:



Signal word: Danger

## **Hazard statements:**

H242: Heating may cause a fire.

H413: May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

## **Supplemental Hazard Statements:**

Organic peroxide.

Hazardous decomposition may occur.

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

## **Precautionary statements:**

#### Prevention:

P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. No smoking.

P220 : Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials.

P234: Keep only in original container. P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves or eye protection or face protection.

#### Storage:

P410: Protect from sunlight.

P411 + P235: Maximum storage temperature is specified on label and in section 7 of SDS. Keep cool.

P420: Store away from other materials.

## Disposal:

P501: Dispose of contents or container to an approved waste disposal plant.

## Supplemental information:

## **Potential Health Effects:**

Mechanical irritation effects from dust exposure are possible at ambient temperature.



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#### Other:

Dust and/or vapor are reported to cause irritation when proper industrial hygiene controls/procedures are not used.

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt/Wt	GHS Classification**
Peroxide, [1,3(or 1,4)-phenylenebis(1-methylethylidene)]bis[(1,1-dimethylethyl)	25155-25-3	>= 90 %	H242, H413
Peroxide, 1,1-dimethylethyl 1-methyl- 1-[3-(1-methylethenyl)phenyl]ethyl	96319-55-0	< 5 %	H315, H319
Benzenemethanol, 3-[1-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dioxy]-1-methylethyl]- $\alpha,\alpha$ -dimethyl-	57913-37-8	< 5 %	H315, H319

<sup>\*\*</sup>For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures:

## Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air.

#### Skin

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

#### Eyes

Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

## Ingestion:



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If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

For most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed), see Section 2 (Hazard Statements and Supplemental Information if applicable) and Section 11 (Toxicology Information) of this SDS.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Unless otherwise noted in Notes to Physician, no specific treatment noted; treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### Extinguishing media (suitable):

Water spray, Foam, Dry chemical

### Extinguishing media (unsuitable):

High volume water jet

#### **Protective equipment:**

Fire fighters and others who may be exposed to products of combustion should wear full fire fighting turn out gear (full Bunker Gear) and self-contained breathing apparatus (pressure demand / NIOSH approved or equivalent).

#### Further firefighting advice:

Do not use a solid stream of water.

A solid stream of water can cause a dust explosion.

Fight fire with large amounts of water from a safe distance.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Closed containers of this material may explode when subjected to heat from surrounding fire.

After a fire, wait until the material has cooled to room temperature before initiating clean-up activities.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Fire fighting equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

## Fire and explosion hazards:

Dust clouds generated during handling and/or storage can form explosive mixtures with air. Dust explosion characteristics vary with the particle size, particle shape, moisture content, contaminants, and other variables. Note: Check that all equipment is properly grounded and installed to satisfy electrical classification requirements. As with any dry material, pouring this material or allowing it to free-fall or to be conveyed through chutes or pipes can accumulate and generate electrostatic sparks, potentially causing ignition of the material itself, or of any flammable materials which may come into contact with the material or its container.

Contact with incompatible materials or exposure to temperatures exceeding the SADT may result in a self accelerating decomposition reaction with release of flammable vapors which may autoignite.

When burned, the following hazardous products of combustion can occur:

Carbon oxides

Hazardous organic compounds



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### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## Personal precautions, Emergency procedures, Methods and materials for containment/clean-up:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if you can do so without risk. Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Ventilate the area. Eliminate all ignition sources. Avoid dust formation and dispersal of dust in the air. Wet down (dampen) the spilled material with water. Sweep or scoop up using non-sparking tools and place into suitable properly labeled containers for prompt disposal. The sweepings should be wetted down further with water. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Implement workplace practices such that dusts are not allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits.

### Protective equipment:

Appropriate personal protective equipment is set forth in Section 8.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### Handling

## General information on handling:

Contact with materials to avoid or exposure to temperatures exceeding the SADT may result in a self-accelerating decomposition reaction with release of flammable vapors which may autoignite.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flames.

Avoid breathing dust.

No smoking.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Prevent product contamination.

Keep container tightly closed and away from combustible materials.

Keep only in the original container.

Avoid creating dust in handling, transfer or clean up.

Prevent dust accumulation.

Implement routine housekeeping practices to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

Check that all equipment is properly grounded and installed to satisfy electrical classification requirements.

Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations.

Container hazardous when empty.

Follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

RESIDUAL DUSTS MAY EXPLODE ON IGNITION.

DO NOT CUT, DRILL, GRIND, OR WELD ON OR NEAR THIS CONTAINER.

Do not reuse container as it may retain hazardous product residue.

Improper disposal or reuse of this container may be dangerous and/or illegal.

Emptied container retains product residue.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. These practices include avoiding unnecessary exposure and removal of material from eyes, skin, and clothing.

## **Storage**

## General information on storage conditions:



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Store in closed containers, in a secure area to prevent container damage and subsequent spillage. Segregated or detached storage is preferred. Store in well ventilated area away from heat and sources of ignition such as flame, sparks and static electricity. Ensure that all storage and handling equipment is properly grounded and installed to satisfy electrical classification requirements. Store out of direct sunlight in a cool well-ventilated place. Store in original container. Store away from combustibles and materials to avoid. Refer also to National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Code 400, Hazardous Materials Code. Static electricity may accumulate when transferring material. All metal and groundable storage containers, including but not limited to drums, cylinders, Returnable Intermodal Bulk Containers (RIBCs) and Class C Flexible Intermodal Bulk Containers (FIBCs) must be bonded and grounded during filling and emptying operations. Observe all federal, state and local regulations and National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Codes, which pertain to the specific local conditions of storage and use, including NFPA 654.

#### Storage stability – Remarks:

Follow the recommended storage temperatures provided in this Section in order to maintain stability and oxygen content.

### Storage incompatibility - General:

Store away from excessive heat, sources of ignition, and reactive materials.

Store separate from:

Strong acids

Strong oxidizing agents

Reducing agents

Friedel - Crafts reaction catalyst

Accelerators

**Brass** 

Copper

For all Organic Peroxides, compatible materials of contact are stainless steel 304 or 316 (preferred), high-density polyethylene (HDPE), polytetrafluoroethylene or glass linings.

## Temperature tolerance - Do not store above:

86 °F (30 °C)

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## **Airborne Exposure Guidelines:**

#### Particles Not Otherwise Specified / Nuisance Dust (Proprietary)

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Form: Respirable particles.

Time weighted average 3 mg/m3

Form: Inhalable particles.

Time weighted average 10 mg/m3

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Form: Respirable fraction.



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Time weighted average 15millions of particles per cubic foot of air

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Form: Total dust

Time weighted average 50millions of particles per cubic foot of air

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Form: Respirable fraction.

Time weighted average 5 mg/m3

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Form: Total dust Time weighted average 15 mg/m3

Only those components with exposure limits are printed in this section. Limits with skin contact designation above have skin contact effect. Air sampling alone is insufficient to accurately quantitate exposure. Measures to prevent significant cutaneous absorption may be required. Limits with a sensitizer designation above mean that exposure to this material may cause allergic reactions.

## **Engineering controls:**

Investigate engineering techniques to reduce exposures below airborne exposure limits or to otherwise reduce exposures. Provide ventilation if necessary to minimize exposures or to control exposure levels to below airborne exposure limits (if applicable see above). If practical, use local mechanical exhaust ventilation at sources of air contamination such as open process equipment.

Check that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation, material transport systems, and airmaterial separation devices involved in handling this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen-deficient environment. Isolation devices may be appropriate to prevent propagation from one unit to another. Ensure that dust-handling systems are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Consult ACGIH ventilation manual, NFPA Standard 91 and NFPA Standard 654 for design of exhaust system and safe handling.

### Respiratory protection:

Avoid breathing dust. Where airborne exposure is likely or airborne exposure limits are exceeded (if applicable, see above), use NIOSH approved respiratory protection equipment appropriate to the material and/or its components. Consult respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH or the manufacturer. For emergency and other conditions where there may be a potential for significant exposure or where exposure limit may be significantly exceeded, use an approved full face positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply. Respiratory protection programs must comply with 29 CFR § 1910.134.



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## Skin protection:

Minimize skin contamination by following good industrial hygiene practice. Wearing protective gloves is recommended. Wash hands and contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

## Eye protection:

Use good industrial practice to avoid eye contact.

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**Color:** white, yellowish, brown

Physical state: solid

Form: flakes

Odor: pungent, unpleasant

Odor threshold: No data available

Flash point > 167.9 °F (75.5 °C) (Method: Seta CC method)

**Auto-ignition** 

temperature:

No data available.

Lower flammable limit

(LFL):

No data available

**Upper flammable limit** 

(UFL):

No data available

pH: Not applicable

**Density:** No data available

**Specific Gravity (Relative** 

density):

0.93 Water=1 (liquid)

**Vapor pressure:** 1.600 mmHg (122 °F (50 °C))

Vapor density: No data available.

**Boiling point/boiling** 

range:

Decomposes before boiling. Rate of decomposition increases with rising

temperature.

Melting point/range:  $>= 95 - 113 \,^{\circ}\text{F} \, (35 - 45 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

Freezing point: No data available

Evaporation rate: < 1

(n-butyl acetate = 1)



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Solubility in water: Negligible

Viscosity, dynamic: No data available

Molecular weight: 338 g/mol

Oil/water partition

coefficient:

log Pow: 7.3, at 68 °F (20 °C) pH = 5 - 9

Self-Accelerating

Decomposition
Temperature (SADT):

158 °F (70 °C) (Method: BAM (Berlin))

Thermal decomposition: Decomposes on heating.

Flammability: See GHS Classification in Section 2 if applicable

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### Stability:

This material is chemically unstable and should only be handled under specified conditions. See HANDLING AND STORAGE section of this MSDS for specified conditions.

#### **Hazardous reactions:**

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

## Materials to avoid:

Strong acids

Strong oxidizing agents Reducing agents

Accelerators

Friedel - Crafts reaction catalyst

Brass

Copper

Iron

For all Organic Peroxides, compatible materials of contact are stainless steel 304 or 316 (preferred), high-density polyethylene (HDPE), polytetrafluoroethylene or glass linings.

## Conditions / hazards to avoid:

See HANDLING AND STORAGE section of this MSDS for specified conditions. SADT - Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature. Lowest temperature at which the tested package size will undergo a self-accelerating decomposition reaction. This reaction will generate flammable vapors which may autoignite. The length of time to generate a decomposition reaction, after the SADT has been reached or exceeded, is dependent upon how much the SADT has been exceeded and the length of time needed for the reaction exotherm (heat spike from increasing decomposition rate) to initiate a rapid decomposition reaction. Typically, SADT is inversely proportional to package size. Larger packages will have a lower SADT due to smaller ratio to heat transfer area to volume of product.

### Hazardous decomposition products:

Temperatures at or above SADT can result in the release of hazardous decomposition products which are



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flammable and may autoignite.

Thermal decomposition giving flammable and toxic products:

Carbon oxides

Hazardous organic compounds

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Data on this material and/or its components are summarized below.

## Data for Peroxide, [1,3(or 1,4)-phenylenebis(1-methylethylidene)]bis[(1,1-dimethylethyl) (25155-25-3)

#### Acute toxicity

#### Oral:

No deaths occurred. (rat) LD0 > 2,000 mg/kg. (98 %)

#### Dermal:

No deaths occurred. (rat) LD0 > 2,000 mg/kg. (97 %)

#### **Skin Irritation:**

Not irritating. (rabbit) (4 h)

#### Eye Irritation:

Causes mild eye irritation. (rabbit)

#### Skin Sensitization:

Not a sensitizer. LLNA: Local Lymph Node Assay. (mouse) No skin allergy was observed. (98 %)

## Repeated dose toxicity

Subchronic oral administration to rat / affected organ(s): kidney / signs: changes in organ structure or function, hyaline droplet nephropathy

## Genotoxicity

#### Assessment in Vitro:

No genetic changes were observed in laboratory tests using: bacteria, animal cells, human cells

#### **Developmental toxicity**

Exposure during pregnancy. Oral (rat) / Birth defects were observed. at doses that produce effects in mothers

## Reproductive effects

Reproductive/Developmental Effects Screening Assay. Oral (rat) / Effects on fertility / (levels produced toxic effects in the mothers and offspring, smaller litter sizes, reductions in birth weight)

## Human experience

## Inhalation:

Respiratory tract: irritation. Dust and/or vapor are reported to cause irritation when proper industrial hygiene controls/procedures are not used.

#### **Human experience**

Eye contact:



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Eyes: irritation. (based on reports of occupational exposure to workers) Dust and/or vapor are reported to cause irritation when proper industrial hygiene controls/procedures are not used.

## Data for Peroxide, 1,1-dimethylethyl 1-methyl-1-[3-(1-methylethenyl)phenyl]ethyl (96319-55-0)

## **Acute toxicity**

#### Oral:

May be harmful if swallowed. (rat) LD50 = 4,700 mg/kg.

#### Dermal

No deaths occurred. (rat) LD0 > 2,000 mg/kg.

#### Skin Irritation:

Causes skin irritation.

### **Eye Irritation:**

Causes serious eye irritation.

#### **Other information**

The information presented is from a representative material with a similar structure. The results vary depending on the size and composition of the test substance.

### Data for Benzenemethanol, 3-[1-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dioxy]-1-methylethyl]- α,α-dimethyl- (57913-37-8)

#### **Acute toxicity**

## Skin Irritation:

Causes skin irritation. (data for a similar material)

#### **Eye Irritation:**

Causes serious eye irritation. (data for a similar material)

#### Other information

The information presented is from representative materials in this chemical class. The results may vary depending on the test substance.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## **Chemical Fate and Pathway**

Data on this material and/or its components are summarized below.

## Data for Peroxide, [1,3(or 1,4)-phenylenebis(1-methylethylidene)]bis[(1,1-dimethylethyl) (25155-25-3)

#### **Biodegradation:**

Not readily biodegradable. (28 d) biodegradation 0 %

## Bioaccumulation:

= 1,820 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout))

## **Ecotoxicology**



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Data on this material and/or its components are summarized below.

#### Data for Peroxide, [1,3(or 1,4)-phenylenebis(1-methylethylidene)]bis[(1,1-dimethylethyl) (25155-25-3)

#### Aquatic toxicity data:

No effect up to the limit of solubility. Poecilia reticulata (guppy) 96 h LC50 = 750 mg/l (Nominal concentration, Water accommodated fraction was tested.)

#### Aquatic invertebrates:

No effect up to the limit of solubility. Daphnia magna (Water flea) 48 h EC50 > 1 mg/l (Nominal concentration, Water accommodated fraction was tested.)

#### Algae

No effect up to the limit of solubility. Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) 72 h EC0 > 1 mg/l (Nominal concentration, Water accommodated fraction was tested.)

### Microorganisms:

Respiration inhibition / Activated sludge 30 min EC0 > 1,000 mg/l

### Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:

No effect up to the limit of solubility. Daphnia magna (Water flea) 21 d NOEC r

#### Chronic toxicity to aquatic plants:

No effect up to the limit of solubility. Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) 72 h NOEC r

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

## Waste disposal:

Disposal via incineration is recommended. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits. Note: Chemical additions to, processing of, or otherwise altering this material may make this waste management information incomplete, inaccurate, or otherwise inappropriate. Furthermore, state and local waste disposal requirements may be more restrictive or otherwise different from federal laws and regulations.

Take appropriate measures to prevent release to the environment.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## **US Department of Transportation (DOT)**

UN Number : 3106

**Proper shipping name** : Organic peroxide type D, solid

**Technical name** : (Di-(tert-butylperoxyisopropyl) benzene, >42-100%)

Class : 5.2 Marine pollutant : no

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

UN Number : 3106



## **VUL-CUP® R FF CRUSHED**

Proper shipping name : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, SOLID

Technical name : (DI-(TERT-BUTYLPEROXYISOPROPYL)BENZENE, >42-100%)

Class : 5.2 Marine pollutant : no

Flash point : > 167.9 °F (75.5 °C)

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **Chemical Inventory Status**

Chombal inventory Gtatas		
US. Toxic Substances Control Act	TSCA	The components of this product are all on the Active TSCA Inventory.
Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)	DSL	All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL
China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	IECSC (CN)	All components of this product are listed or exempted
Japan. ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory	ENCS (JP)	Not all components of this product are listed or exempted
Japan. ISHL - Inventory of Chemical Substances	ISHL (JP)	Not all components of this product are listed or exempted
Korea. Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI)	KECI (KR)	All components of this product are listed or exempted
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	PICCS (PH)	All components of this product are listed or exempted
Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals	AU AIICL	All components of this product are listed or exempted
Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	TCSI	All components of this product are listed or exempted

## **United States - Federal Regulations**

## SARA Title III - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Chemicals:

The components in this product are either not SARA Section 302 regulated or regulated but present in negligible concentrations.

## SARA Title III - Section 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard, Reactivity Hazard

## SARA Title III - Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.



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# Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) - Reportable Quantity (RQ):

The components in this product are either not CERCLA regulated, regulated but present in negligible concentrations, or regulated with no assigned reportable quantity.

### **United States - State Regulations**

### **New Jersey Right to Know**

No components are subject to the New Jersey Right to Know Act.

## Pennsylvania Right to Know

Chemical nameCAS-No.Peroxide, [1,3(or 1,4)-phenylenebis(1-methylethylidene)]bis[(1,1-dimethylethyl)25155-25-3

Peroxide, 1,1-dimethylethyl 1-methyl-1-[3-(1- 96319-55-0

methylethenyl)phenyl]ethyl

## California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive defects.

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H242 Heating may cause a fire.H315 Causes skin irritation.H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

## Miscellaneous:

Other information: Refer to National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Code 654,

Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate

Solids, for safe handling.

Latest Revision(s):

 Reference number:
 200013681

 Date of Revision:
 05/15/2022

 Date Printed:
 05/15/2022

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## **VUL-CUP® R FF CRUSHED**

The statements, technical information and recommendations contained herein are believed to be accurate as of the date hereof. Since the conditions and methods of use of the product and of the information referred to herein are beyond our control, ARKEMA expressly disclaims any and all liability as to any results obtained or arising from any use of the product or reliance on such information:

NO WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE CONCERNING THE GOODS DESCRIBED OR THE INFORMATION PROVIDED HEREIN. The information provided herein relates only to the specific product designated and may not be applicable when such product is used in combination with other materials or in any process. The user should thoroughly test any application before commercialization. Nothing contained herein constitutes a license to practice under any patent and it should not be construed as an inducement to infringe any patent and the user is advised to take appropriate steps to be sure that any proposed use of the product will not result in patent infringement. See SDS for Health & Safety Considerations.

Arkema has implemented a Medical Policy regarding the use of Arkema products in Medical Devices applications that are in contact with the body or circulating bodily fluids (http://www.arkema.com/en/social-responsibility/responsible-product-management/medical-device-policy/index.html) Arkema has designated Medical grades to be used for such Medical Device applications. Products that have not been designated as Medical grades are not authorized by Arkema for use in Medical Device applications that are in contact with the body or circulating bodily fluids. In addition, Arkema strictly prohibits the use of any Arkema products in Medical Device applications that are implanted in the body or in contact with bodily fluids or tissues for greater than 30 days. The Arkema trademarks and the Arkema name shall not be used in conjunction with customers' medical devices, including without limitation, permanent or temporary implantable devices, and customers shall not represent to anyone else, that Arkema allows, endorses or permits the use of Arkema products in such medical devices.

It is the sole responsibility of the manufacturer of the medical device to determine the suitability (including biocompatibility) of all raw materials, products and components, including any medical grade Arkema products, in order to ensure that the final end-use product is safe for its end use; performs or functions as intended; and complies with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements (FDA or other national drug agencies). It is the sole responsibility of the manufacturer of the medical device to conduct all necessary tests and inspections and to evaluate the medical device under actual end-use requirements and to adequately advise and warn purchasers, users, and/or learned intermediaries (such as physicians) of pertinent risks and fulfill any postmarket surveillance obligations. Any decision regarding the appropriateness of a particular Arkema material in a particular medical device should be based on the judgment of the manufacturer, seller, the competent authority, and the treating physician.